

# Trade-off in Thermoelectric Generator design for vehicle application

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Institute of Vehicle Concepts

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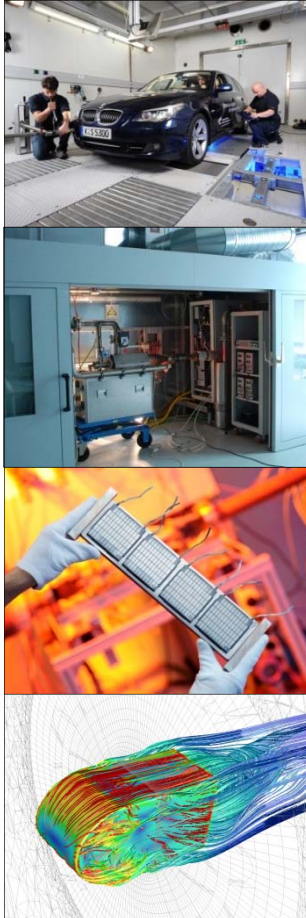
M. Kober Dipl. Ing. (FH)



Knowledge for Tomorrow

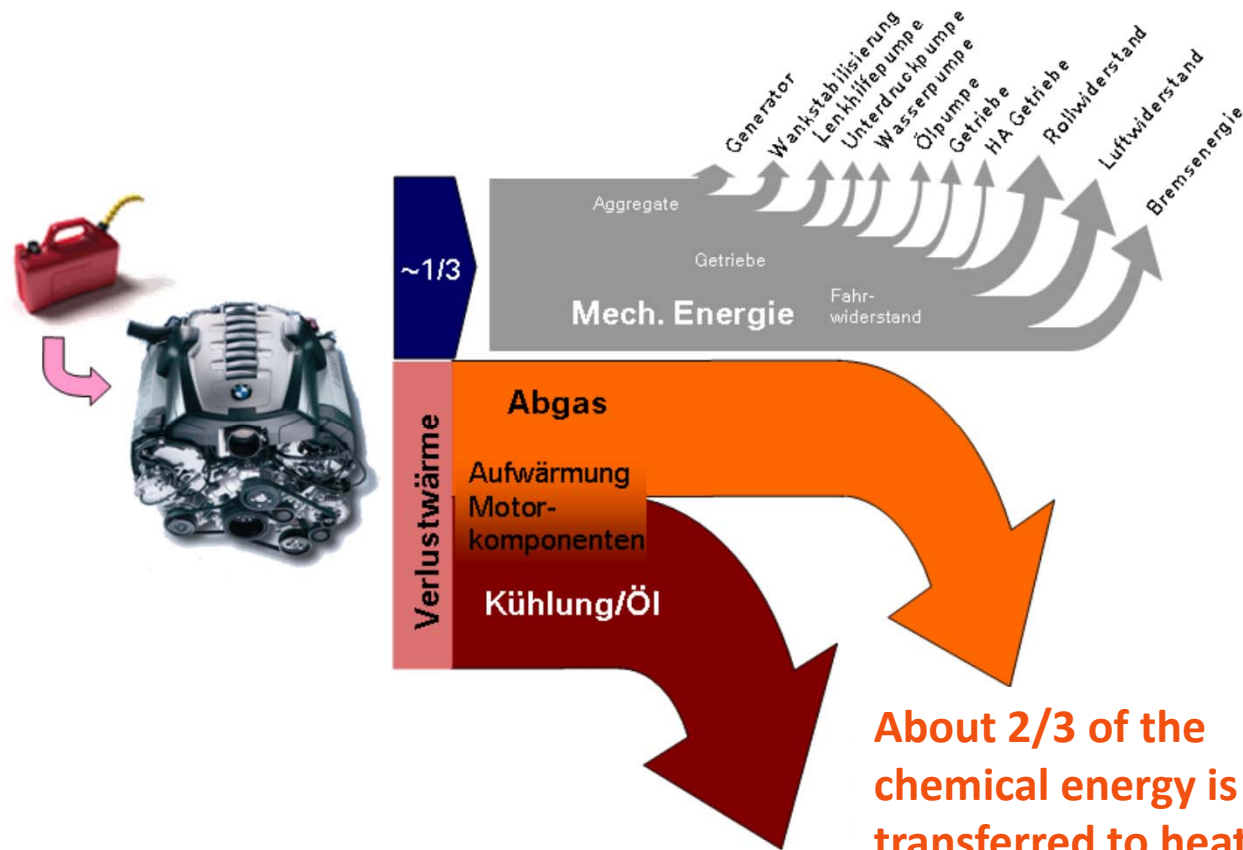
# Outline

- Introduction
  - Motivation
  - Basics
  - TEG Evolution at DLR
- Optimization
  - Design-Point
  - Simulative Results
  - Validation by Measurement
- Outlook



# Motivation for waste heat recovery

## Basic combustion engine



1) Treffinger P., Häfele Ch., Weiler T. DLR e.V. Stuttgart; Eder A., Richter R., Mazar B. BMW Group München: Energierückgewinnung durch Wandlung von Abwärme in Nutzenergie. 2008 VDI Tagung „Innovative Fahrzeugantriebe“, Dresden



# Basics of thermoelectricity

- thermal diffusion of electrons respectively holes to cold side
- Electric potential is proportional to  $\Delta T$ :

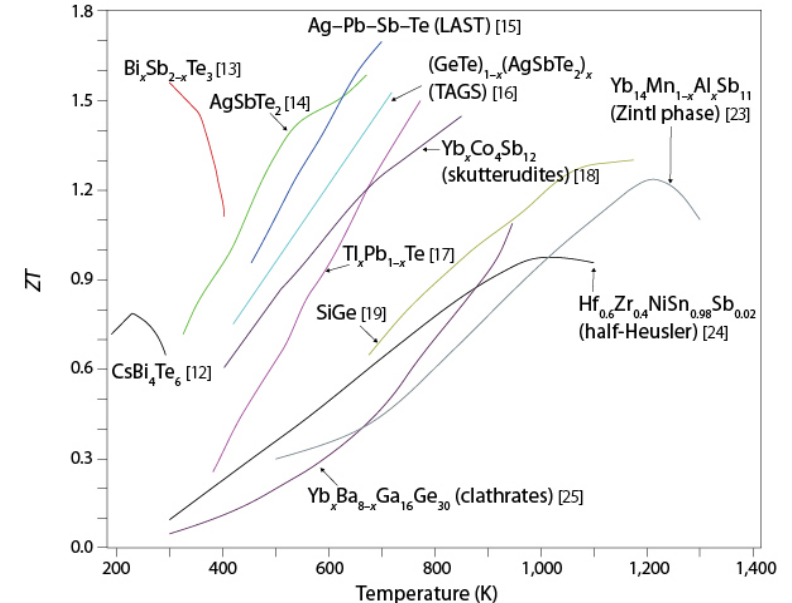
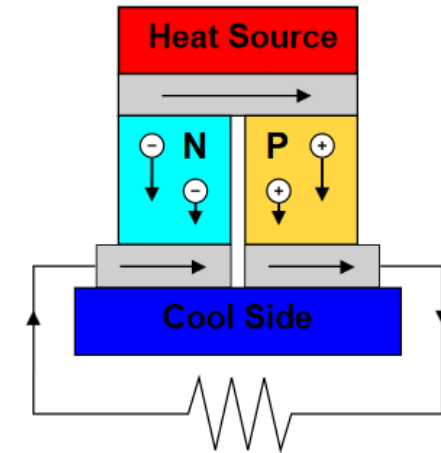
$$S = \frac{U}{\Delta T} \quad S \quad \text{Seebeck-coefficient}$$

- Dimensionless figure of merit  $ZT$ :

$$ZT = \frac{S^2 \sigma}{\kappa} T \quad \begin{array}{l} \sigma \quad \text{electrical conductivity} \\ \kappa \quad \text{thermal conductivity} \\ T \quad \text{temperature} \end{array}$$

- Efficiency TE:

$$\eta = \frac{P_{el}}{\dot{Q}_{in}} = \frac{T_h - T_k}{T_h} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{ZT + 1} - 1}{\sqrt{ZT + 1} + \frac{T_k}{T_h}}$$



# Basics of thermoelectricity in application

- Electric potential is proportional to  $\Delta T$ :

$$S = \frac{U}{\Delta T}$$

S Seebeck-coefficient

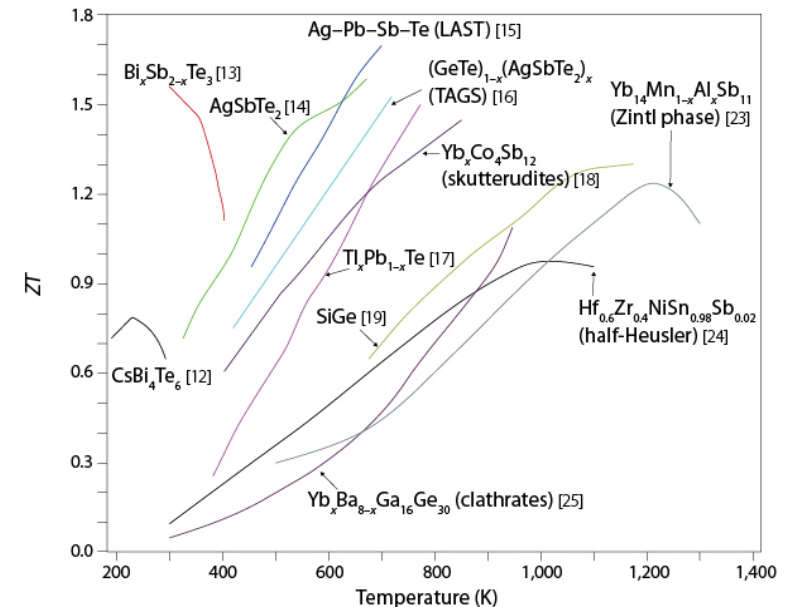
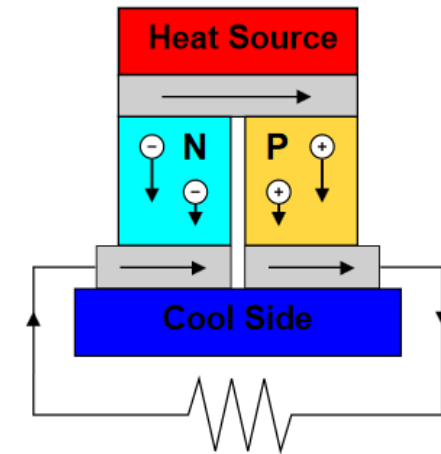
- Dimensionless figure of merit  $ZT$ :

$$ZT = \frac{S^2 \sigma}{\kappa} T$$

$\sigma$  electrical conductivity  
 $\kappa$  thermal conductivity  
 $T$  temperature

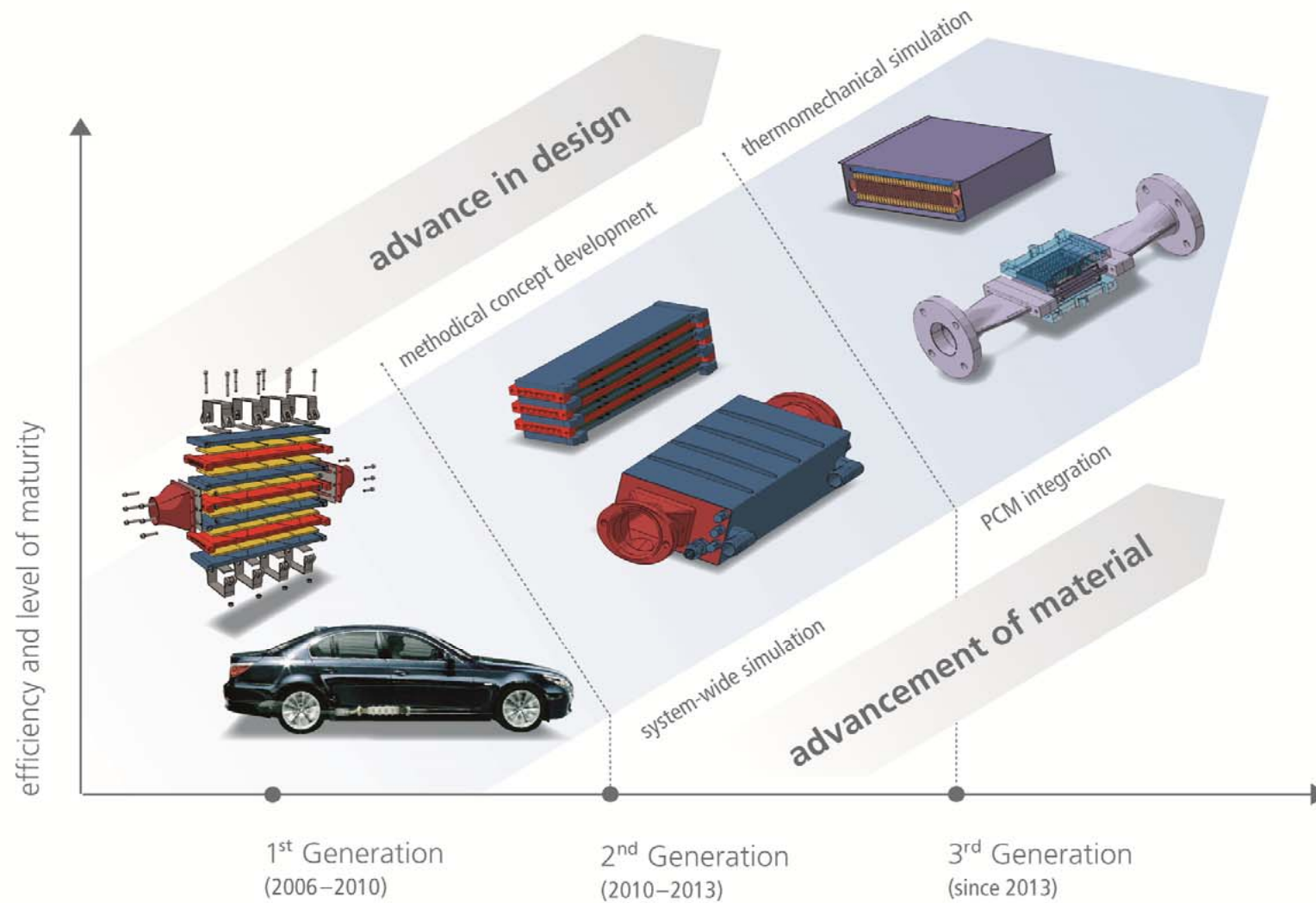
- Efficiency TE:

$$\eta = \frac{P_{el}}{\dot{Q}_{in}} = \frac{T_h - T_k}{T_h} \cdot \frac{1}{\frac{4}{ZT_h} + 2 - \frac{T_h - T_k}{2T_h}}$$

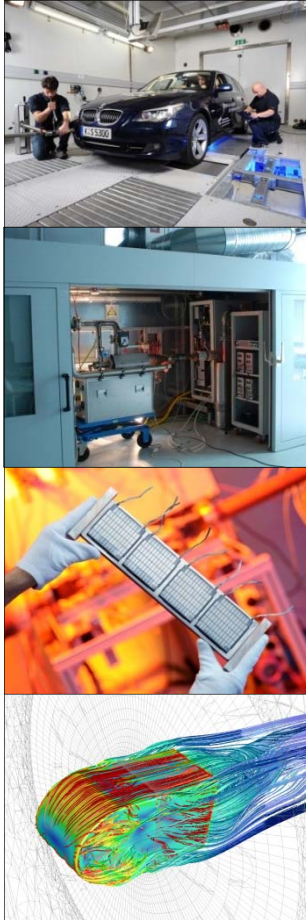




## The Evolution of the TEG at the DLR



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## Optimize the benefit for the application



electrical TEG input power  
( $\Delta P_{in}$ )



cooling load ( $\Delta P_{co}$ )  
(el. power for cooling water  
pump and cooling fan, quick  
heat-up phase)



back pressure / cooling of exhaust  
( $\Delta P_{pr}$ )



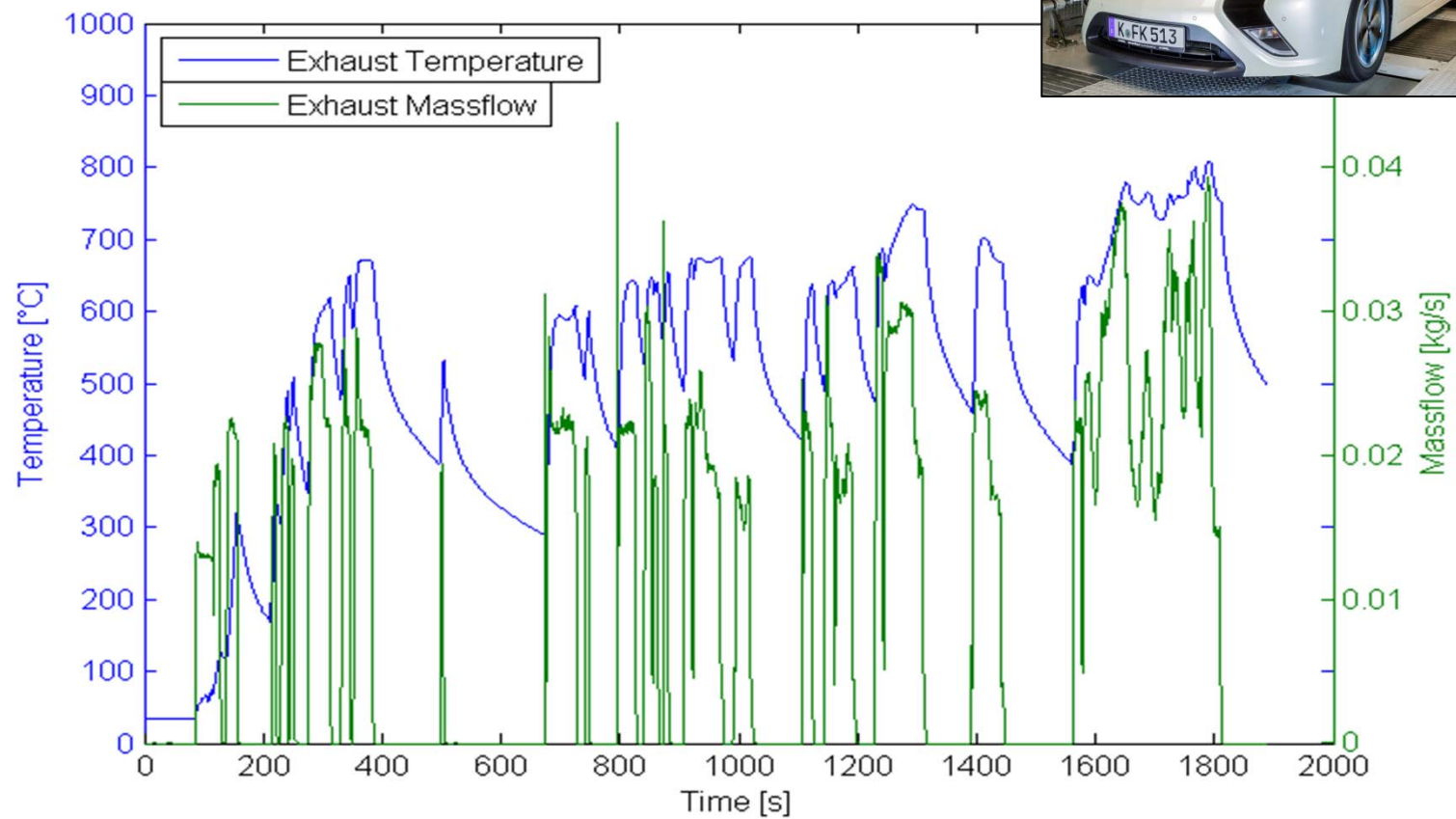
rolling resistance ( $\Delta P_{ro}$ )  
(weight increase)





# Choosing a Design-Point

## Basic for Vehicle testing => WLTC



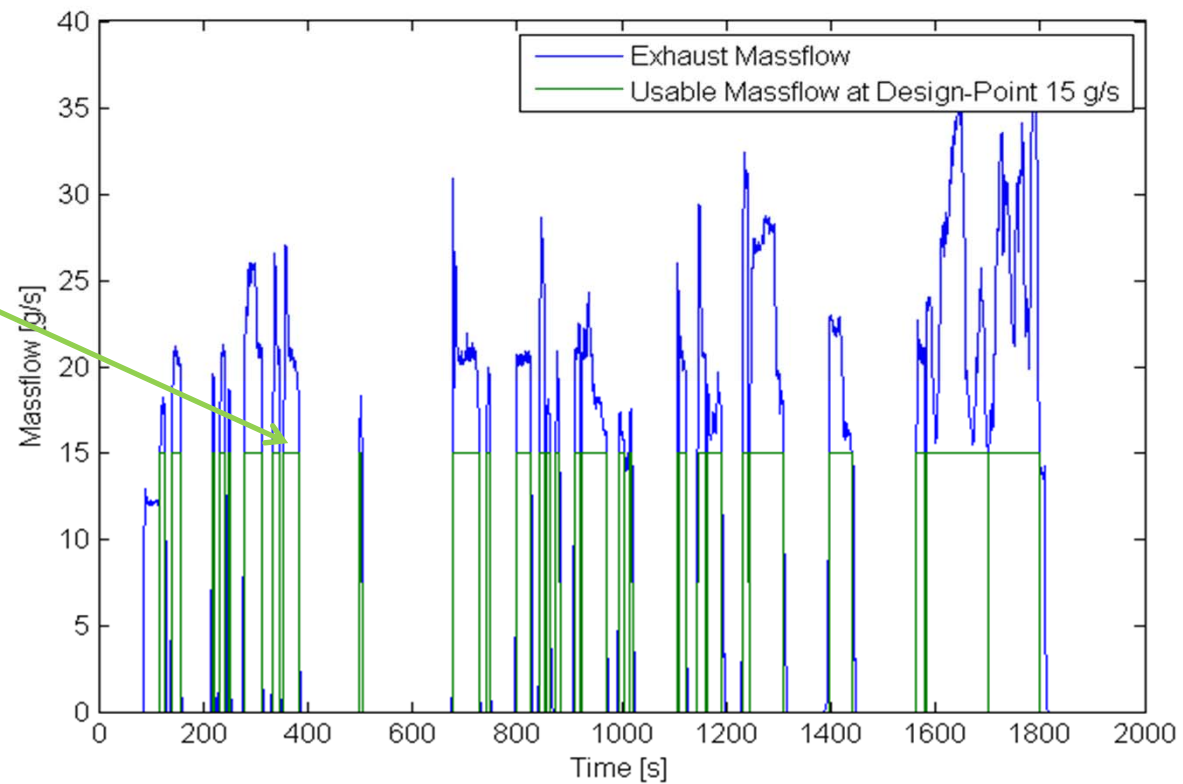
## Choosing a Design-Point

Which Design-Point contains most energy?

possible  
Design-Point

15 g/s

400°C



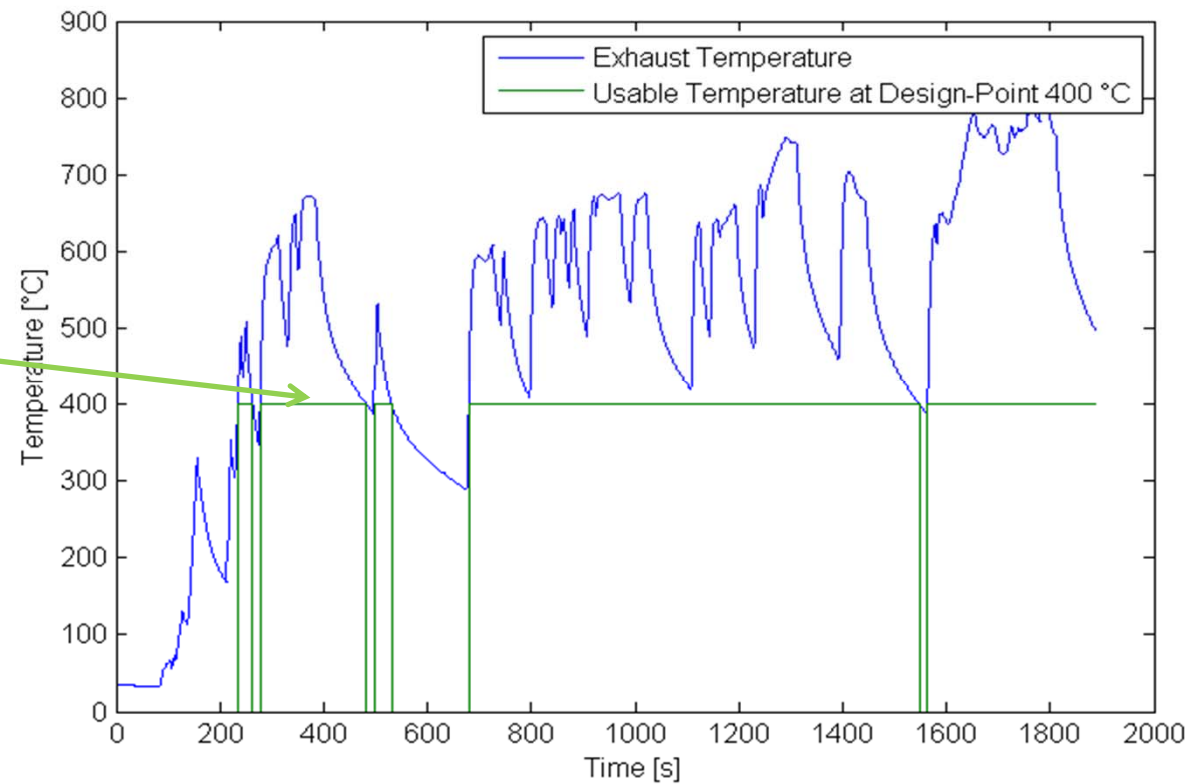
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## Choosing a Design-Point

Which Design-Point contains most energy?

possible  
Design-Point

15 g/s  
400°C

$$E = \int \dot{m}_u \cdot c_p \cdot (T_u - T_c)$$

$E$ : Energy contained by Design Point

$\dot{m}_u$ : usable Massflow

$c_p$ : heat capacity of exhaust

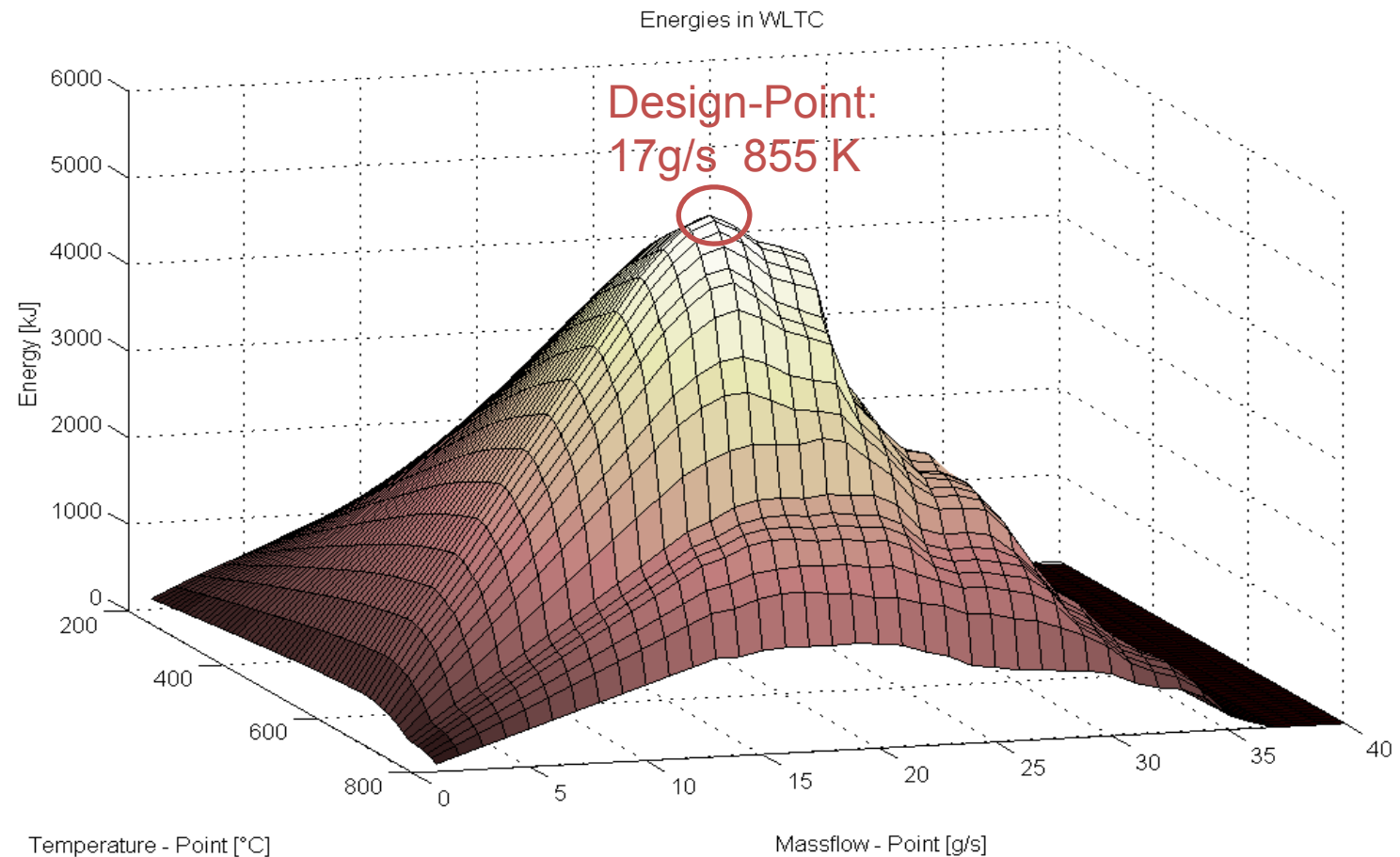
$T_u$ : usable Temperature

$T_c$ : coldside Temperature of TEG



# Choosing a Design-Point

## Which Design-Point contains most energy?

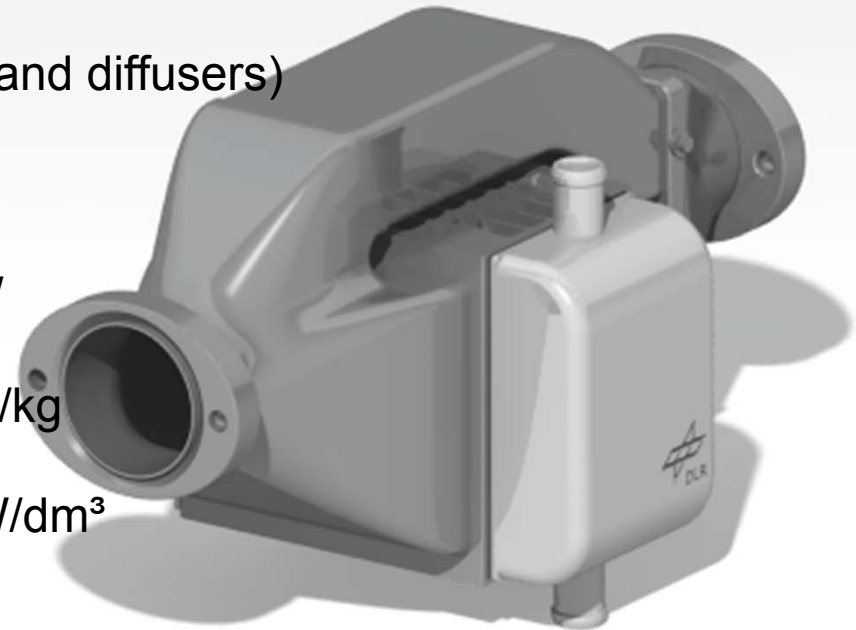




## Simulative results

### Characteristics of the optimized TEG

- weight < 8 kg (without bypass)
- volume < 3 dm<sup>3</sup> (without bypass and diffusers)
- el. peak power > 400 W
- el. power at Design-Point > 160 W
- gravimetric power density > 50 W/kg
- volumetric power density > 133 W/dm<sup>3</sup>



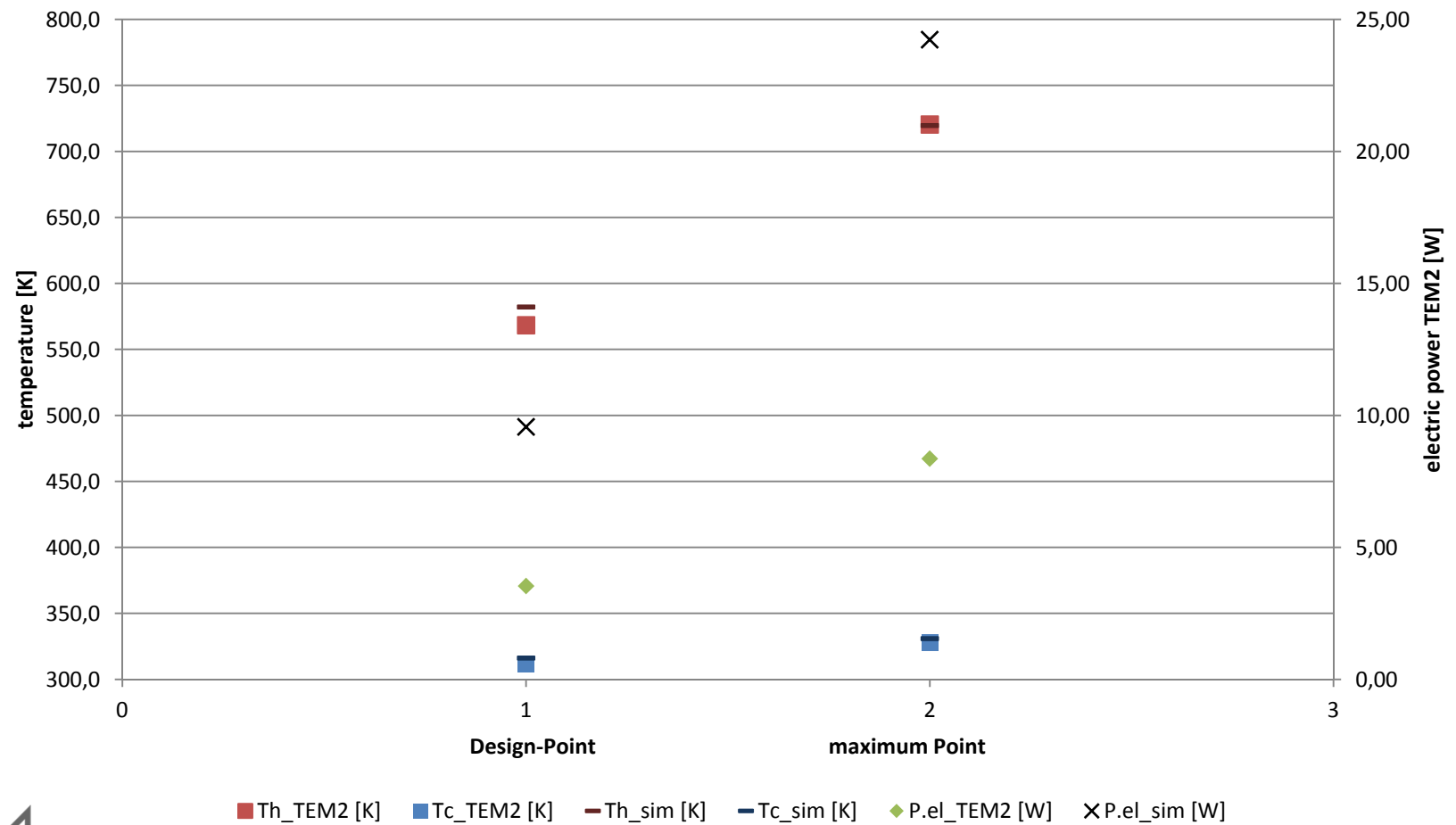
## Measured results

### Validation of simulation

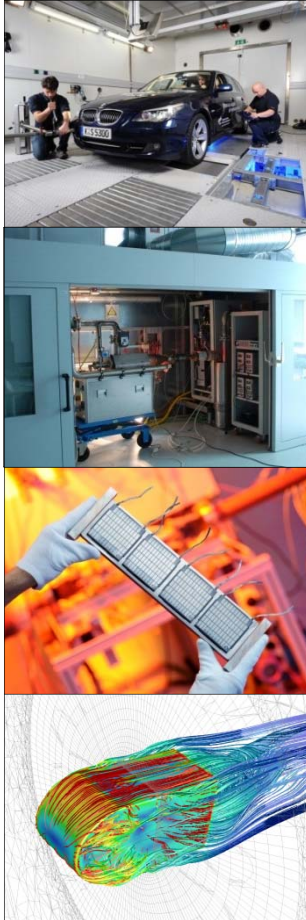


# Measured results

## Validation of simulation



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## Outlook / Summary

### ➤ Philosophy to success:

- Maximizing the benefit for OEM and Driver  
=> taking into account negative effects
- Not maximizing the el. power output

### ➤ Reached goals:

- Successful integration of high temperature modules
- Validation of thermal simulation

### ➤ Outlook:

- Dynamic simulation to simulate a whole driving cycle
- Improve / research at high temperature modules





# The Project RExTEG

## Project aim:

**Developing a new kind of Thermoelectric Generator increasing the efficiency of Range Extender and Hybrid Vehicles**



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- Potentials
- Measuring vehicle
- Materials
- Concept development
- Simulation
- Functioning mock up
- Validation



# Thank you for your attention!

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